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"THE CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, DRUG, DEVICE AND COSMETIC ACT" Act of 1972, P.L. 233, No. 64

## **Expatriation Act**

CHAP. CCXLIX - An Act concerning the Rights of American Citizens in foreign States.

Whereas the right of expatriation is a natural and inherent right of

all people, indispensable to the enjoyment of the rights of life,

with their descendents, are subjects of foreign states, owing

to the maintenance of public peace that this claim of foreign

recognition of this principle, this government has freely received emigrants from all nations, and invested them with the rights of citizenship; and whereas it is claimed that such American citizens,

allegiance to the governments thereof; and whereas it is necessary

liberty, and the pursuit of happiness; and whereas in the

July 27, 1868.

Rights of American citizens in foreign states. Preamble.

Right of Expatriation

declared.

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allegiance should be promptly and finally disavowed; Therefore, Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any declaration, instruction, opinion, order, or decision of any officers of this government which denies, restricts, impairs, or questions the right of expatriation, is hereby declared inconsistent with the fundamental principles of this government.

Protection to naturalized citizens in foreign states. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all naturalized citizens of the United States, while in foreign states, shall be entitled to, and shall receive from this government, the same protection of persons and property that is accorded to native-born citizens in like situations and circumstances.

Release of citizens imprisoned by foreign governments to be demanded.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be made known to the President that any citizen of the United States has been unjustly deprived of his liberty by or under the authority of any foreign government, it shall be the duty of the President forthwith to demand of that government the reasons for such imprisonment, and if it appears to be wrongful and in violation of the rights of American citizenship, the President shall forthwith demand the release of such citizen, and if the release so demanded is unreasonably delayed or refused, it shall be the duty of the President to use such means, not amounting to acts of war, as he may think necessary and proper to obtain or effectuate such release, and all the facts and proceedings relative thereto shall as soon as practicable be communicated by the President to Congress.

Facts to be communicate d to Congress. Approved, July 27, 1868.

upon which a copy of the order is delivered to the address indicated on the application or the registration whichever is applicable, petition the board for review. The board shall, within thirty days, grant a hearing and, as soon thereafter as practicable, adopt, modify or reject the action of the secretary. Any action by the board shall be deemed an adjudication to which the provisions of the Administrative Agency Law, as amended, shall be applicable.

The following persons need not register and may lawfully possess controlled substances under this act;

(1) an agent or employe of any registered manufacturer, distributor, dispenser or any person listed in lieu of registration with the secretary if he is acting in the usual course of his business or employment;

a common or contract carrier or warehouseman, or an employe thereof, whose possession of any controlled substance is in the usual course of business or employment;

an ultimate user or a person in possession of any controlled substance pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner or in lawful possession of a Schedule V substance. Section 7. Adulteration .-- A controlled substance, other

- drug, device or cosmetic shall be deemed to be adulterated: (i) If it consists, in whole or in part, of any filthy, putrid or decomposed substance; (ii) if it has been prepared, packed or held under unsanitary conditions whereby it may have been contaminated with filth, or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health; (iii) and if it is a drug or a device its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health; (iv) if it has been exposed to conditions of fire, water or extreme temperature, which may have rendered it injurious to health; (v) if (A) it bears or contains for purposes of coloring only a color additive, unless it be a hair dye which is unsafe within the meaning of section 9 of this act, or (B) it is a color additive the intended use of which in or on drugs, devices or cosmetics is for purposes of coloring only and is unsafe, unless it be a hair dye within the meaning of section 9 of this act.
- If it purports to be or is represented as a drug or device, the name of which is recognized in an official compendium and its strength differs from or its quality or purity falls below the standards set forth in such compendium. Such determination as to strength, quality or purity, shall be made in accordance with the tests or methods of assay set forth in such compendium, or in the absence of or inadequacy of such tests or methods of assay those prescribed under the authority of the Federal act. No drug or device defined in an official compendium shall be deemed to be adulterated under this subsection because it differs from the standard of strength, quality or purity therefor set forth in such compendium, if its difference in strength, quality or purity from such standard is plainly stated on its label.
- If it is a color additive and is to be used or is (3) recommended for use as a hair dye and it is not exempt under section 9 unless its label bears the following legend conspicuously displayed thereon: "Caution. This product contains ingredients which may cause skin irritation on certain individuals and a preliminary test according to accompanying directions should first be made. This product must not be used

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